













ACADÉMIE DE LA BEI DÉDIÉE AUX BANQUES DE PME ET À LA MICROFINANCE EN AFRIQUE DE L'OUEST ET DU CENTRE 2020 – 2021

THE EIB WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICA SME BANKING AND MICROFINANCE ACADEMY 2020-2021

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Green Finance - Building healthy loan portfolios with climate relevant loans



www.msmefinanceta.eu/eib-academy-event

I Introduction

What is green finance?

Why financing green?

Green=Sustainable?















Activity

What is your personal experience with green finance?

- I myself invested in green technologies, such as renewable energy or energy efficiency measures
- 2. I accompanied the financing of green projects, e.g. as loan officer or credit analyst
- 3. I advised on green finance issues and respective policy approaches
- I am constantly annoyed about electricity outages, increasing fuel and electricity prices and I
 hope green technologies can help
- 5. I read about the topic but never actively engaged in any green finance project
- 6. I am hearing about green finance for the first time in this webinar















Activity: Green or not green?

Little starting exercise

- We will show brief descriptions and pictures of different investment cases
- After each slide please decide: Is this a green investment or not?
- To answer please use the quiz options which should pop up automatically on your screen















A small-scale farmer engaged in cultivation of tomatoes and other vegetables.

The farmer currently irrigates her fields naturally, i.e. by relying solely on rainwater. She thinks of investing in a new solar water pump. Is this green?

















A five star hotel near the beach.

The manager thinks about investing into an automatic shading system. With help of a sensor, the window shades are pulled down or up according to the intensity of the solar incidence. Is this green?







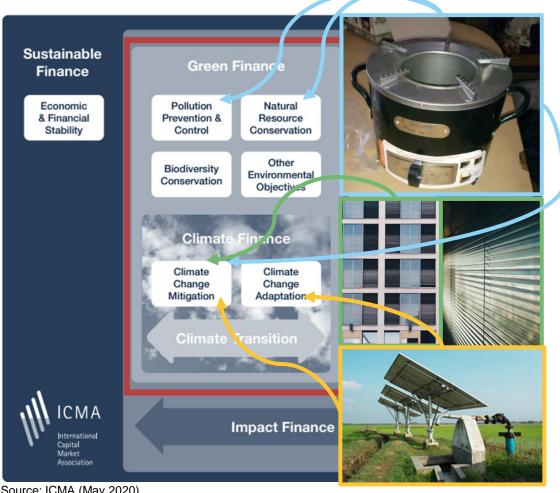












- Sustainable and/or green finance is oftentimes used interchangeably
- There is no single definition of what sustainable finance is

Mitigation finance: Investments that help in reducing, i.e., mitigating, the impact of climate change and effectively reduce greenhouse gas emissions (for instance renewable *energy* investments or investments into *energy efficiency*)

Adaptation finance: Investments that help businesses in coping, i.e., adapting, with climate change, for instance investments into research for heat resistance crops

Source: ICMA (May 2020)







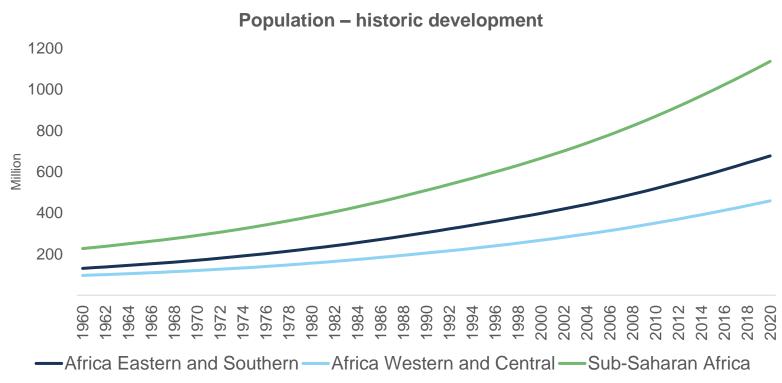








Rising population, urbanization and industrialization translates into increasing energy demand



Africa is projected to have the fastest urban growth rate in the world: by 2050, Africa's cities will be home to an additional 950

million people." (OECD 2020)

Source: World Bank database (accessed 29.09.2021)







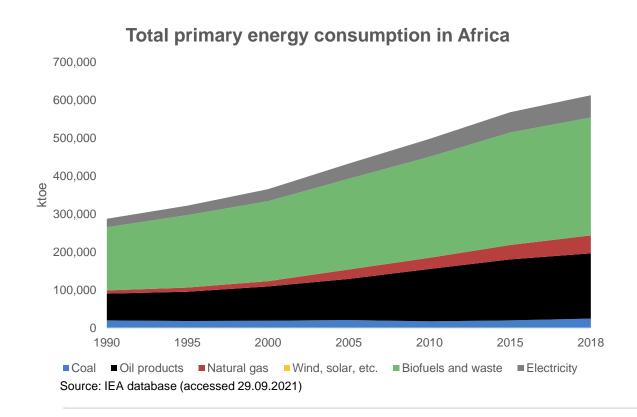








High dependence on fossil fuels and traditional biomass paired with increasing energy demand requires exploration of cleaner solutions.



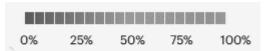
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The challenge in sub-Saharan Africa remains acute, with a deteriorating picture: only 17% of the population have clean cooking access."

(IEA SDG 7 data and projections; accessed 29.09.2021)



Proportion of population with primary access to clean cooking facilities (2018)



(IEA SDG 7 data and projections; accessed 29.09.2021)







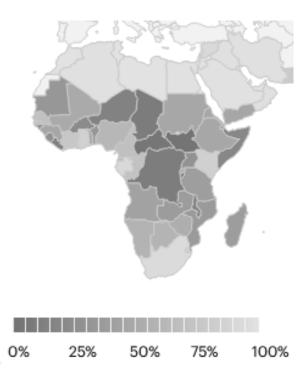








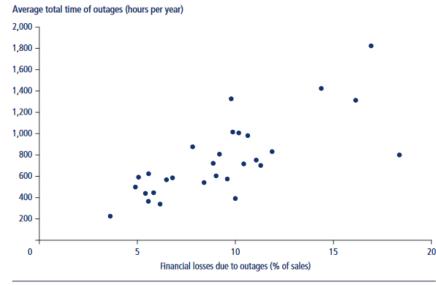
Proportion of population with access to electricity (2019)



Source: IEA SDG 7 data and projections; accessed 29.09.2021)

Positive correlation between firm's financial losses and number of total outages faced

FIGURE 2.1 Reducing power outages boosts overall firm performance



Source: Cole and others 2018.

Note: Financial losses are positively correlated with the average total time of outages.

Source: Cole and others (2018) in Worldbank, Doing Business 2020 (2020)

Overall companies' competitiveness can be improved through

- stable electricity access
- low electricity cost
- reduce dependence on noisy, costly and polluting generators

Achieved through a combination of renewable energy sources and energy efficiency measures















Financial market view



Growing concern about risk of stranded assets in the infrastructure sector due to physical and transition risks



Shifts in Debt (Green / Climate Bonds) and Equity Markets (Corporate and Financial Disclosure) towards sustainable products.



Blended Finance new "buzzword" to overcome the financing gap for addressing SDG / NDC investment needs



Leveraging innovative climate finance solutions to address adaptation finance gap and existing climate damages, i.e., index-based insurance, catastrophe bonds





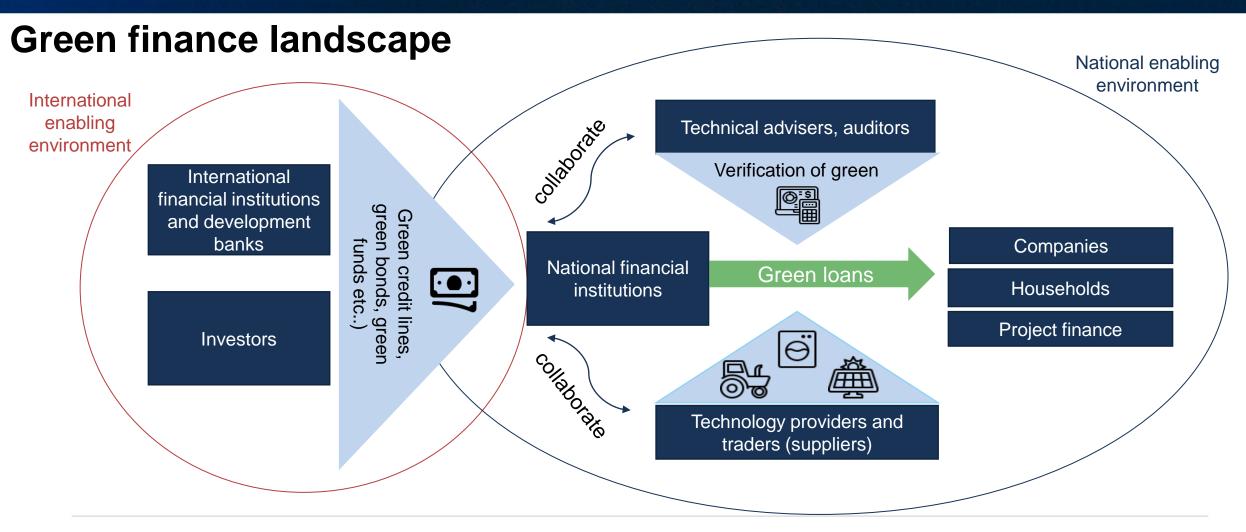


























Il Green Finance Opportunities Where lies the green potential?















Activity

What sector is your institution active in?

- 1. Transportation
- 2. Residential
- 3. Social services (e.g. health and education sector)
- 4. Hotels and restaurants
- 5. Housing
- 6. Food processing
- 7. Manufacturing and production
- 8. Agriculture















EE/RE Technology	Agriculture	Housing	Residential	Transportation	Health and Education	Manufacturing/ Production
Solar water pumping	X					
Solar water heater		Х	X		Х	
Drip irrigation	Х					
Rooftop solar		Х	Х		Х	Х
Lighting (LED)		Х	Х		Х	Х
Air conditioning		Х	Х		Х	Х
Fridge			Х		Х	
Improved cook stoves			Х		Х	
Vehicle conversion (Diesel to LPG)	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х
EE tuktuks/Electric cars				Х		
Insulation		Х	Х		Х	Х
Concrete blocks/AAC blocks		Х	х		Х	Х
Efficient motors and/or machinery						Х















Example Green Finance opportunity in the market - cold/freezer storage

Main Sectors: health care providers, food cold/freezer storage, cold/frozen transport services

Common situation in African SMEs:

- Lack of back-up systems in many cases leading to unsafe health conditions
- Most systems are either under or oversized due to poor advice from technicians causing either damage to the equipment or unnecessary energy cost, respectively
- No or improper usage of cooling or freezing vehicles to transport cooled or frozen food.
- Direct exposure of cooling facility, cooled/frozen products and/or compressor to solar radiation

Proposed solution: resizing equipment to energy needs and to use freeze blaster technology as well as the use of an automatic timer.















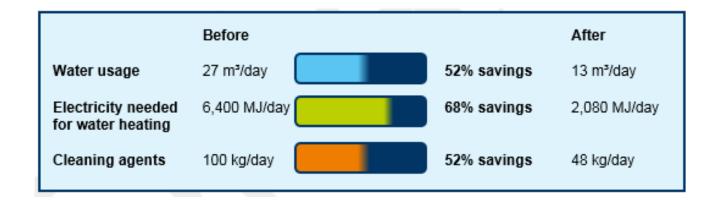


Water efficiency in cleaning food production lines

Main sectors: Food processing and medical production

Problem:

- Water intensive sectors
- High hygiene needs
- Cleaning the production line after the processing of each batch consumes not only high amounts of water but also of electricity and cleaning agents



Proposed solution: Implementation of a clean-in-place systems (CIP); Costs: starting at EUR 100,000















Green mortgage example

Figure 6: Green mortgage example

	Standard building: Standard mortgage	Green building: Green mortgage	
Base purchase cost	50,000	50,000	HIGHER
Green measures (3% higher costs)		1,500	AMOUNT
20% down payment	(10,000)	(10,300)	
Loan amount	40,000	41,200	3%
Rate	11%	11%	TERM CAN
Term	20 yrs	20 yrs	VARY
Monthly payment	\$413	\$425	
Utility savings (20%)		(20)	
Cost of monthly ownership	\$413	\$405	-2%
Bank income (yr 1)	4,371	4,502	3% WIN-WIN















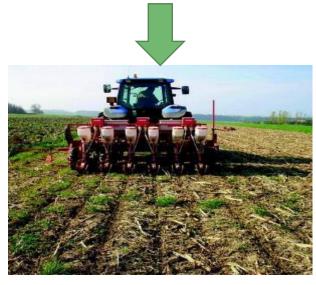
Traditionally, farmers practice farming with a plough → high energy costs

Erosion (loss of fertile soil) is a common problem due to traditional farming

Agricultural practices including soil tillage have a significant impact on increases in atmospheric CO₂ and GHG gases

Farmers are much exposed to climate change impacts \rightarrow droughts, scarcity of water, lower yield



















III Green Finance: What does it take and how to start?













Green finance: How to start?

Know your market (big picture – energy demand and competition; most attractive sectors for EE/RE)

Marketing and build a portfolio

Training staff and stakeholders



Know your portfolio – which of your customers fits the market situation; what technology is in use

Identify target groups and technologies

Develop suitable lending products









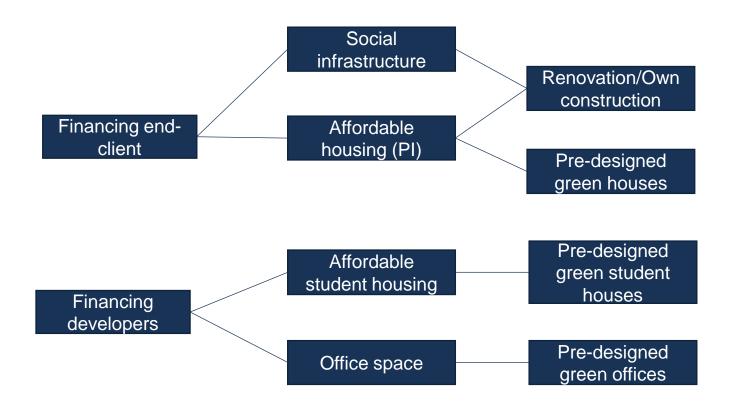






Green finance: How to start?

Financing buildings – exemplary business models



- What fits my client profile?
- What are the capacities required and already in my institution?
- What is the ticket size and risk level I am able to asses and manage?
- What additional resources/training do I need?
- What partners do I need?















A financial institution.

A financial institution located in an area with an average temperature of 33 degrees Celsius thinks about loosening the strict dress code for their employees (i.e. allowing for wearing T-shirts or even shorts). Is this green?















